Created on July 31, 2017 Revised on March 30, 2018

Product Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

1. Product and company data	
Product name	: LS Bell Hammer Grease No. 2, 50 mL
Company name	: Suzuki Kikoh Co., Ltd.
Address	: 316-3, Matsutobidai, Matsudo, Chiba
Dept. in charge	: Quality Control Section, Quality Assurance Dept.
Person in charge	:
Phone	: 047-385-5311
Fax	: 047-385-5313

2. Summary of potential health hazards GHS classification (JIS Z 7252-2014) Hazards to human health Skin sensitization Category 1

Hazards other than the above are rated as Not Applicable or Classification Not Possible.

Label elements Pictogram (symbol)	
Signal words	: Warning
Hazard statement Precautionary state	: Can cause an allergic skin response
[Safety measures]	 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
	 Avoid breathing fumes/gas/mist/spray.
	Do not take contaminated work clothing out of the workplace.
[First-aid treatment]	 If the product comes in contact with your skin, wash with plenty of water and soap. If skin irritation or a rash occurs, seek diagnosis/treatment by a Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
[Storage]	- No precautionary statement as per GHS classification
[Disposal]	- Disposal of the contents or container of the product must be commissioned to a professional waste disposal contractor licensed in accordance with pertinent laws and local regulations.
Others	In reference to the following data, pay sufficient attention to safety measures/first-aid treatment/storage/disposal.

3. Composition and ingredient	statement
Single material or mixture	: Mixture
Chemical or common name	: Lubricant
Ingredients and composition	: Synthetic oil, thickener, additive
Chemical properties (formula)	: Not disclosed
Reference No. in Gazetted List in Japan	: Not disclosed
(Chemical Substance CAS No.	e Control Law, Industrial Safety and Health Act) : Not disclosed
4. First-aid treatment	
If swallowed	: Do not induce vomiting. Thoroughly wash out contaminated mouth. Seek diagnosis/treatment by a doctor if feeling unwell.
If inhaled	: Take the patient to a place with fresh air and make him/her comfortable for breathing. Seek diagnosis/treatment by a doctor if
If in contact with skin	: Wipe off the contamination with cloth or paper and thoroughly wash the affected area of skin with water and soap. If skin irritation occurs, seek diagnosis/treatment by a doctor.
If in eyes	 Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Then, if you wear contact lenses that can be removed easily, remove them. Continue rinsing.
	If eye irritation persists, seek diagnosis/treatment by an ophthalmologist.
5. Firefighting measures	
Extinguishing media	: Spray-type enhanced liquid agent, foam, powder, or carbon dioxide gas.
Extinguishing media to be avoided	 A straight stream of water or poured water may spread fire, resulting in a dangerous situation.
Specific hazards in case of fire	: Combustion gas contains toxic gases of carbon monoxide, sulfur oxides, chlorine compounds and the like.
Specific firefighting method	 At an early stage of a fire, use powder or carbon dioxide gas extinguishing agents.
	In case of major fire, use foam extinguishing agents or spray-type enhanced liquid.
6. Accidental release measure	S
Personal precautions	: Any person dealing with the situation must wear suitable protective equipment. Prohibit unauthorized access to the point of leakage, for example by roping off the surrounding area.
Environmental precautions	 Ensure the leaked liquid is never discharged into rivers or the like. Dispose of the recovered product and contaminated rags used for recovery in accordance with relevant laws and regulations.
Removal method	: Try to collect the grease as much as possible in an empty container, using tools like a scraper. Wipe off the rest with rags or the like.
Prevention of secondary disaster	 Rapidly remove potential sources of ignition and get firefighting equipment and tools ready for use.

7. Precautions for handling and	storage
Handling	J. J
Technical measures	: Wear suitable protective equipment such as safety glasses and gloves, and avoid direct contact with the product.
Precautions Precautions for safe h	: Sufficiently ventilate the work site. aandling
:	: Sufficiently ventilate the work site.
	Do not allow unnecessary vapor and mist to generate. If the amount exceeds the designated quantity, handle the product at a production, storage or handling site that meets the criteria required by the law. Obtain the SDS/user's manual before use.
	Do not handle until you have read and understood all safety precautions.
	Do not breathe fumes/gas/mist/spray. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
	Do not eat, drink or smoke when handling this product.
	If the grease comes in contact with your clothing. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Beware of potential ignition sources.
Storage	Demais of potential ignition address.
•	: Keep container tightly closed to prevent entry of dirt and moisture. Store in a cool dark place, away from direct sunlight.
	Provide sufficient ventilation to prevent vapor accumulation. Store away from incompatible chemicals (strong oxidants). Properly store in accordance with the Fire Service Act.
	Beware of potential ignition sources.
8. Exposure prevention and pro-	
Equipment and facilities	Encapsulate the sources of vapor or mist or provide local exhaust ventilation. Electrical equipment to be used must be explosion-proof.
Control concentration	Provide eyewash and bodywash facilities near the place of Sulfurized fats and oils 10ppm(Hydrogen sulfide)
F	(As per Working Environment Evaluation Standards: MOL Notification No. 26 on Mar. 27, 1995)
Exposure limits Japan Society for	: Sulfurized fats and oils 10ppm (Hydrogen sulfide, FY2000)
Occupational Health	
ACGIH	: Threshold Limit Value(TLV)-Time-weighted average (TWA) Sulfurized fats and oils10ppm (Hydrogen sulfide,FY2001)
Protective equipment	
Respiratory protection	: Not required under ordinary handling conditions.
•	Wear protection against organic gases if vapor or mist is generated. Oil-proof gloves
Eye protection Skin and body protect	: Regular safety glasses
	In case of potential contact with liquid, wear oil-proof, long-sleeved protective clothing.

9. Physical and chemical properties		
Physical state Form : Paste		
Form : Paste Color : White		
Odor : Slight odor of petroleum		
Temperatures/temperature ranges for change in physical state		
Boiling point : No data		
Melting point : 180°C or higher (as drop point as per JIS K2220-5.4)		
Decomposition : No data		
temperature		
Flash point : 200°C or higher		
Ignition point : No data		
Explosive limits : No data		
Vapor pressure : Very small Density : ca. 0.85 g/cm ³ (at 15°C)		
Density : ca. 0.85 g/cm ³ (at 15°C) Solubility : Not in water, but in petroleum solvents such as benzene an	Ч	
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10. Stability and reactivity		
Stability : Stable at room temperature		
Reactivity : Not with water.		
Conditions to be avoided : Contact with incompatible materials		
Incompatible material : Strong oxidants		
Hazardous : During combustion, generates carbon monoxide, sulfur oxid	des,	
decomposition products chlorine compounds and the like.	,	
11. Hazard statement Acute oral toxicity : Classification not possible due to lack of data		
Acute dermal toxicity : Classification not possible due to lack of data		
Acute inhalation toxicity : Classification not possible due to lack of data		
(mist)		
Skin corrosivity/irritation : Classification not possible due to lack of data		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation		
: Classification not possible due to lack of data Respiratory sensitization : Classification not possible due to lack of data		
Skin sensitization : Category 1, because the amount of Category-1 ingredient e	exceeds	
the concentration limit.		
Germ cell mutagenicity : Classification not possible due to lack of data		
Carcinogenicity : Classification not possible due to lack of data		
Reproductive toxicity : Classification not possible due to lack of data		
Specific target organ/systemic toxicity (single exposure) : Classification not possible due to lack of data		
Specific target organ/systemic toxicity (repeated exposure)		
: Classification not possible due to lack of data		

Note: The above judgments were made as per JIS Z7252-2014, Classification of chemicals based on GHS.

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12. Environmental impact data Acute harm to water environment	: Classification not possible due to lack of data
	: Classification not possible due to lack of data
Harm to ozone layer Note: The above judg	: The ingredients are not listed in the Montreal Protocol. ments were made as per JIS Z7252-2014, Classification of chemicals
based on GHS. Mobility Persistence/ degradability	 If released to the environment, the product may migrate to soil. Biodegradability is considered low.
13. Disposal precautions	: Dumping prohibited. Properly dispose of in accordance with the Waste Management and Public Cleansing Law. Disposal of the contents or container of the product must be commissioned to a professional waste disposal contractor licensed in accordance with pertinent laws and local regulations. Containers must be completely emptied and recycled, or otherwise properly disposed of in accordance with relevant laws and regulations, as well as local standards.
UN number	 Not classified as dangerous goods defined in UN Not applicable Not categorized as hazardous material defined by Fire Service Act Not categorized as hazardous material defined by marine and air transport regulations
15. Applicable laws and regulat Fire Service Act Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Act	ions : Designated flammables, flammable solids (nonhazardous material) : Not applicable
Act (Article 57)	whose name must be indicated as per Industrial Safety and Health
Provisions on notifiable su	: Not applicable bstances as per Industrial Safety and Health Act (Article 57-2) : Not applicable
	2 designated substances as per Pollutant Release and Transfer
Prevention Act	 Not applicable Oil discharge regulation (allowable level: 5 mg/L as normal hexane extracts) Oil discharge regulation (prohibited in principle)
Sewerage Act: Waste Management and F	: Mineral oil discharge regulation (5 mg/L) Public Cleansing Law : Industrial waste regulation (prohibition of spread and outflow)

16. Other information

References

- 1. Japan Society for Occupational Health, Recommendation of Occupational Exposure
- 2. Association Advancing Occupational and Environmental Health (ACGIH), TLVs and
- 3. International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) (2000)
- 4. IARC, Supplement No. 7 (1987)
- 5. IARC, Monographs Programme on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risk to Humans (1987)
- 6. List of Dangerous Substances, Annex I to European Council Directive 67/548/EEC
- 7. Association Advancing Occupational and Environmental Health, ACGIH
- 8. IARC, Monographs Programme on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risk to Humans
- 9. WHO/IPCS, Environmental Health Criteria (EHC) (1982)
- 10. WHO/IPCS, International Chemical Safety Cards (2001)
- 11. JIS Z7252-2014, Classification of chemicals based on GHS

Disclaimer

The contents of this document are based on our best knowledge, but the accuracy and All chemicals might have undiscovered hazardous properties, so must be handled with

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